Tractatus Logico Philosophicus

Reasonable Logic
Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus: Centennial Edition (Illustrated)
Major Works
Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus
Wittgenstein's Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus
Pulling Up the Ladder
Ludwig Wittgenstein's Tractatus Logico-philosophicus
Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus
Prototractatus
A Study in Ludwig Wittgenstein's Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus
Wittgenstein's 'Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus'
Tractatus logico-philosophicus
Logisch-philosophische Abhandlung
Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus
Introdução ao Tractatus logico-philosophicus de Ludwig Wittgenstein
The book offers a modernist reading of Wittgenstein's Tractatus. The author reviews the most popular interpretations of the Tractatus and comes to the conclusion that the early Wittgenstein was an ethical subjectivist. This insight solves the tension between Tractarian theses that influenced neopositivism and its mystical part. *Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus: Centennial Edition (Illustrated)* A&C Black Written by a leading expert, this is the ideal guide to the only book Wittgenstein published during his lifetime, the *Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus*. Michael Morris makes sense of Wittgenstein’s brief but often cryptic text, highlighting its key themes. He introduces and analyzes: Wittgenstein’s life and the background to the Tractatus the ideas and text of the Tractatus the continuing importance of Wittgenstein's work to
philosophy today, Wittgenstein is the most important twentieth-century philosopher in the English speaking world. This book will be essential reading for all students of philosophy of language and metaphysics.

**Major Works** Routledge

In 1921, Ludwig Wittgenstein (1889-1951) published a landmark book in philosophy: the *Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus*, usually called just the *Tractatus*. It puts forth a profound theory-now called the picture theory-about the meaning of language. Simply put, the *Tractatus* aims to answer the question "What can be expressed by language?"

It is an understatement to say that the *Tractatus* is difficult to read and understand. Accordingly, numerous introductory books and commentaries have been written. These texts are important contributions in philosophy but also are quite complex, even when described as being introductory. In contrast, this book brings out the fundamental ideas of the *Tractatus* in simple, everyday language, with all concepts and conclusions illustrated by numerous examples taken from the natural sciences.

**Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus**

Independently Published

Perhaps the most important work of philosophy written in the twentieth century, *Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus* was the only philosophical work that Ludwig Wittgenstein published during his lifetime. Written in short, carefully numbered
paragraphs of extreme brilliance, it captured the imagination of a generation of philosophers. For Wittgenstein, logic was something we use to conquer a reality which is in itself both elusive and unobtainable. He famously summarized the book in the following words: 'What can be said at all can be said clearly; and what we cannot talk about we must pass over in silence.' David Pears and Brian McGuinness received the highest praise for their meticulous translation. The work is preaced by Bertrand Russell's original introduction to the first English edition. Wittgenstein's *Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus* Standard Ebooks Ludwig Wittgenstein's 'Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus' is one of the most important books of the twentieth century. It influenced philosophers and artists alike and it continues to fascinate readers today. It offers rigorous arguments but clothes them in enigmatic pronouncements. Wittgenstein himself said that his book is 'strictly philosophical and simultaneously literary, and yet there is no blathering in it'. This introduction, first published in 2005, considers both the philosophical and the literary aspects of the 'Tractatus' and shows how they are related. It also shows how the work fits into Wittgenstein's philosophical development and the tradition of analytic philosophy, arguing
strongly for the vigour and significance of that tradition.

**Pulling Up the Ladder**

Routledge

A Reader's Guide to an immensely important text by the greatest philosopher of the 20th Century

**Ludwig Wittgenstein's**

**Tractatus Logico-philosophicus**

Binker North

Perhaps the most important work of philosophy written in the 20th century, this was the only philosophical work that Wittgenstein published during his lifetime.

**Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus**

Psychology Press

Ludwig Wittgenstein wrote Tractatus Logico Philosophicus (Logical-Philosophical Treatise) whilst a soldier and latterly a Prisoner of War during WW1. Despite the chaos and horrors of his surroundings, Wittgenstein created one of the purest and most insightful works of philosophical reason of his time, and arguably since. Whilst concentrating on the ability of language to accurately portray the world of reason, Wittgenstein applies his notoriously uncompromising logic to wider philosophical issues of ethics, physics and even mystical thought. A 13-page preface and overview by Bertrand Russell is a valuable key for the reader to unlock Wittgenstein's powerful message. This edition is an English-only version.

**Tractatus Logico-philosophicus**

CreateSpace

This version includes
images of Wittgenstein's life and legacy, from his early life onwards. Decades Press is dedicated to bringing readers beautifully designed and formatted versions of classic works. Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus is the only book-length philosophical work by the Austrian philosopher Ludwig Wittgenstein that was published during his lifetime. The project had a broad goal: to identify the relationship between language and reality and to define the limits of science. It is recognized by philosophers as a significant philosophical work of the twentieth century.

A Study in Ludwig Wittgenstein's Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus Routledge

Major Works is the finest single-volume anthology of influential philosopher Ludwig Wittgenstein's important writings. Featuring the complete texts of Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus, The Blue and Brown Books: Studies for 'Philosophical Investigations,' and On Certainty, this new collection selects from the early, middle, and later career of this revolutionary thinker, widely recognized as one of the most profound minds of all time.

Prototractatus Routledge

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you may freely copy and distribute this work, as no entity (individual or corporate) has a copyright on the body of the work. Scholars believe, and we concur, that this work is important enough to be preserved, reproduced, and made generally available to the public. To ensure a quality reading experience, this work has been proofread and republished using a format that seamlessly blends the original graphical elements with text in an easy-to-read typeface. We appreciate your support of the preservation process, and thank you for being an important part of keeping this knowledge alive and relevant.

This historical study investigates Ludwig Wittgenstein's early philosophy of logic and language, as it is presented in his Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus. The study makes a case for the Tractatus as an insightful critique of the philosophies of Bertrand Russell and Gottlob Frege—the Founding Fathers of analytic philosophy. This is a new formatted edition of Ludwig Wittgenstein's famous Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus. This is the only book that Wittgenstein actually wrote and published during his early philosophical career.

This brings for the first time over one hundred
short essays in philosophical logic and the philosophy of mind. It is an invaluable introduction to Wittgenstein's 'later philosophy'.

Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus Routledge & Kegan Paul Books

Ludwig Wittgenstein’s brief Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus (1922) is one of the most important philosophical works of the twentieth century, yet it offers little orientation for the reader. The first-time reader is left wondering what it could be about, and the scholar is left with little guidance for interpretation. In Tractatus in Context, James C. Klagge presents the vital background necessary for appreciating Wittgenstein’s gnomic masterpiece. Tractatus in Context contains the early reactions to the Tractatus, including the initial reviews written in 1922-1924. And while we can’t talk with Wittgenstein, we can do the next best thing—hear what he had to say about the Tractatus. Klagge thus presents what Wittgenstein thought about germane issues leading up to his writing the book, in discussions and correspondence with others about his ideas, and what he had to say about the Tractatus after it was written—in letters, lectures and conversations. It offers, you might say, Wittgenstein’s own commentary on the book.

Key Features: Illuminates what is at stake in the Tractatus, by providing the views of others that engaged Wittgenstein as
he was writing it. Includes Wittgenstein’s earlier thoughts on ideas in the book as recorded in his notebooks, letters, and conversations as well as his later, retrospective comments on those ideas. Draws on new or little-known sources, such as Wittgenstein’s coded notebooks, Hermine’s notes, Frege’s letters, Hänsel’s diary, Ramsey’s notes, and Skinner’s dictations. Draws connections between the background context and specific passages in the Tractatus, using a proposition-by-proposition commentary. Logisch-philosophische Abhandlung Routledge THE TRACTATUS LOGICO-PHILOSOPHICUS is the only book-length philosophical work published by the Austrian philosopher Ludwig Wittgenstein in his lifetime. The project had a broad aim - to identify the relationship between language and reality and to define the limits of science - and is recognized as a significant philosophical work of the twentieth century. Wittgenstein wrote the notes for the Tractatus while he was a soldier during World War I and completed it when a prisoner of war at Como and later Cassino in August 1918. It was first published in German in 1921 as 'Logisch-Philosophsiche Abhandlung'. The Tractatus was influential chiefly amongst the logical positivists of the Vienna Circle, such as Rudolf Carnap and Friedrich Waismann. Bertrand Russell's article "The Philosophy of Logical
Atomism" is presented as a working out of ideas that he had learned from Wittgenstein. (more on: www.wisehouse-classisc.com)

**Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus**
Cambridge University Press
"Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus may be the most important book of philosophy written during the twentieth century. Wittgenstein's writing style is clear, succinct, and accessible. Bertrand Russell claimed that "I cannot see any point on which it is wrong. But to have constructed a theory of logic which is not at any point obviously wrong is to have achieved a work of extraordinary difficulty and importance." Required ready for anyone interested in philosophy." Wilder Publications is a green publisher. All of our books are printed to order. This reduces waste and helps us keep prices low while greatly reducing our impact on the environment.

*Introdução ao Tractatus logico-philosophicus de Ludwig Wittgenstein* Peter Lang Gmbh, Internationaler Verlag Der Wissenschaften
"Ludwig Wittgenstein's brief Tractatus Logico-Philosophicus (1922) is one of the most important philosophical works of the Twentieth Century, yet it offers little orientation for the reader. The first-time reader is left wondering what it could be about, and the scholar is left with little guidance for interpretation. In Tractatus in Context, James C. Klagge presents the vital background
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Binker North

Mount San Antonio College/Philosophy Group

Pulling up the Ladder
discusses how
Wittgenstein's early philosophy became widely known largely through the efforts of Russell and other empirically-minded British philosophers, and to a lesser extent, the scientifically-oriented German-speaking philosophers of the Vienna Circle. However, Wittgenstein's primary philosophical concerns arose in a far different context, and failure to grasp this has led to many misunderstandings of the Tractatus. From Brockhaus' investigation of that context and its problems emerges this new interpretation of Wittgenstein's early thought, which also affords fresh insights into the later Wittgenstein.

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